Solomon Practice Paper

Pure Mathematics 1F

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	5	
2	6	
3	6	
4	9	
5	11	
6	12	
7	12	
8	14	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

- •
- •
- •



Last updated: May 5, 2023



www.CasperYC.club

5.

1. Solve for x in the interval  $0 \le x \le 360^{\circ}$ :

Pure Mathematics – Practice Paper 1F

$$\sqrt{3} - 2\cos(x + 45) = 0$$

2.

3.

(a) Find f'(x).

$$f(x) \equiv 3 + 21x + 9x^2 - x^3.$$

(b) Hence show that when  $x = \sqrt{3}$ , the value of  $(1 - 5x)(x^3 + x)$  can be written in the form

(b) Find the set of values of 
$$x$$
 for which  $f(x)$  is decreasing.

(a) Expand  $(1-5x)(x^3+x)$  in ascending powers of x.

 $a\sqrt{3} + b$  where a and b are integers to be found.

4. Figure shows the badge design for a new model of car.

The design consists of an arrowhead in a circle. O is the centre of the circle and A, B and C lie on the circumference of the circle. The arrowhead is symmetrical about the line through OB.

Given that the radius of the circle is 7.2 cm and  $\angle AOC = 84^{\circ}$ ,

- (a) find the size of  $\angle AOB$ ,
- (b) calculate the area of triangle AOB, correct to 2 decimal places,
- (c) calculate the area of the arrowhead as a percentage of the area of the circle.

Total: 9

[2]

[3]

[4]

[3]

written as  $b \rangle^2 \qquad b^2$ 1

(a) By completing the square show that 
$$ax^2 + bx + c$$
 can be w

$$a\left(x+\overline{2a}\right) + c - \overline{4a}.$$

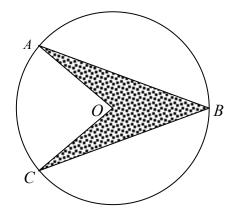
Last updated: May 5, 2023





Total: 6

Total: 6



Page 1 of 3

[5]

[4]

[2]

[4]

[2]

(b) Hence prove that the solutions of the equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}.$$

(c) Solve the equation

$$x(2x-3) = 1+x$$

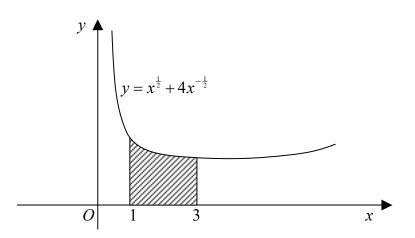
giving your answers correct to 3 significant figures.

Total: 11

[4]

[4]

6. Figure shows the part of the curve with equation  $y = x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 4x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ .



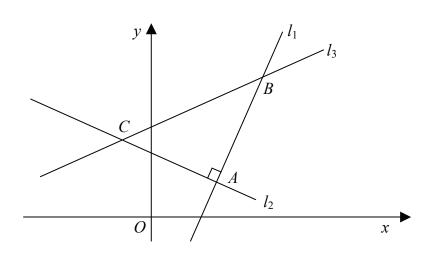
- (a) Find the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve.
  (b) Find the area of the shaded region enclosed by the curve, the x-axis and the ordinates x = 1
  - (b) I find the area of the shaded region cherosed by the curve, the x-axis and the ordinates x = 1 [5] and x = 3, giving your answer as an exact value.

Total: 12

- 7. The second and fifth terms of an arithmetic series are 213 and 171 respectively.
  - (a) Find the first term and the common difference of the series. [4]
    (b) Find and simplify an expression for the *n*th term of the series in terms of *n*. [2]
    (c) By forming an appropriate inequality, or otherwise, find how many terms of the series are positive. [3]
    (d) Hence find the maximum value of S<sub>n</sub>, the sum of the first *n* terms of the series. [3]
    Total: 12
- 8. Figure shows the lines  $l_1, l_2$  and  $l_3$ .



www.CasperYC.club



Line  $l_1$  passes through the points A(5,2) and B(7,8).

(a) Find an equation of the line $l_1$ .	[3	3]
--	----	----

Line  $l_2$  is perpendicular to line  $l_1$  and also passes through the point A.

(b) Find an equation of the line  $l_2$ .

Line  $l_3$  has equation x - 2y + 9 = 0 and intersects line  $l_1$  at B and line  $l_2$  at the point C.

- (c) Find the coordinates of the point C.
- (d) Prove that triangle ABC is isosceles.

Total: 14

[3]

[4]

[4]

