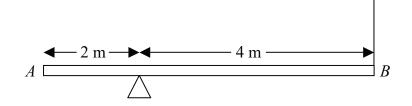
## Solomon Practice Paper

## Mechanics 1G

	Question	Points	Score
Time allowed: 90 mintues	1	6	
	2	9	
	3	9	
	4	9	
Centre:	5	11	
Name:	6	12	
Teacher:	7	19	
	Total:	75	



1. Figure shows a non-uniform beam AB of mass 10kg and length 6m resting in a horizontal position [6] on a single support 2m from A.



The beam is supported at B by a vertical string.

Given that the magnitude of the tension in the string is 1.5 times the magnitude of the reaction at the support, find the distance of the centre of mass of the beam from A.

- 2. A ball of mass 2kg moves on a smooth horizontal surface under the action of a constant force, F. The initial velocity of the ball is  $(2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}) \text{ ms}^{-1}$  and 4 seconds later it has velocity  $(10\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j}) \text{ ms}^{-1}$  where  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$  are perpendicular, horizontal unit vectors.
  - (a) Making reference to the mass of the ball and the force it experiences, explain why it is [2] reasonable to assume that the acceleration is constant.
  - (b) Find, giving your answers correct to 3 significant figures,

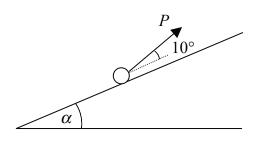
i. the magnitude of the acceleration experienced by the ball,

ii. the angle which F makes with the vector **i**.

Total: 9

[7]

3. Figure shows a ball of mass 3kg lying on a smooth plane inclined at an angle  $\alpha$  to the horizontal where  $\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$ .



The ball is held in equilibrium by a force of magnitude P newtons, which acts at an angle of  $10^{\circ}$  to the line of greatest slope of the plane.

(a) Suggest a suitable model for the ball.Giving your answers correct to 1 decimal place,

(b) find the value of P,(c) find the magnitude of the reaction between the ball and the plane. [4]



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4. A bullet of mass 50g is fired horizontally at a wooden block of mass 4.4 on a rough horizontal surface. The bullet enters the block at 400ms <sup>-</sup> in the block.	· · ·
(a) Find the speed with which the block begins to move.	[3]
Given that the block decelerates uniformly to rest over a distance of 4	łm,
(b) show that the coefficient of friction is $\frac{2}{q}$ .	[6]
y g	Total: 9
5. Two dogs, Fido and Growler, are playing in a field. Fido is moving in time t his position vector relative to a fixed origin, $O$ , is given by $[(2t - is stationary at the point with position vector (2i + 5j) metres, whe perpendicular unit vectors.$	$(-3)\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j}$ ] metres. Growler
(a) Find the displacement vector of Fido from Growler in terms of $t$ .	[2]
(b) Find the value of $t$ for which the two dogs are closest.	[6]
(c) Find the minimum distance between the two dogs.	[3]
	Total: 11
6. A particle moving in a straight line with speed $5U \text{ ms}^{-1}$ undergoes a 6 seconds which reduces its speed to $2U \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . It maintains this sp uniformly decelerating to rest in a further 2 seconds.	
(a) Sketch a speed-time graph displaying this information.	[2]
(b) Find an expression for each of the decelerations in terms of $U$ .	[4]
Given that the total distance travelled by the particle during this per-	iod of motion is 220m,
(c) find the value of $U$ .	[6]
	Total: 12
7. A car of mass 1200kg tows a trailer of mass 800kg along a straight level towbar. The resistances to the motion of the car and the trailer are pro-	v Ç
Given that the car experiences a resistance to motion of 300N,	
(a) find the resistance to motion which the trailer experiences.	[2]
Given that the engine of the car exerts a driving force of 3kN,	
(b) find the acceleration of the system,	[3]
(c) show that the tension in the towbar is 1200N.	[3]
When the system has reached a speed of $24 \text{ms}^{-1}$ , it continues at constational fault causes the engine of the car to switch off. The brakes are used to a force until the system comes to rest.	

Given that the retarding force of the brakes has magnitude 1kN and assuming that the original resistances to motion of the car and the trailer remain constant,



(d) calculate the distance that the system travels during the braking period,	[5]
(e) find the magnitude and direction of the force exerted by the towbar on the car.	[4]
(f) Comment on the assumption that the original resistances to motion of the car and the trailer	[2]
remain constant throughout the motion.	

Total: 19

