Solomon Practice Paper

Mechanics 2A

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	6	
2	8	
3	10	
4	11	
5	12	
6	13	
7	15	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:





[6]

1. Two identical particles are approaching each other along a straight horizontal track. Just before they collide, they are moving with speeds $5~{\rm ms^{-1}}$ and $3~{\rm ms^{-1}}$ respectively. The coefficient of restitution between the particles is 21.

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Find the speeds of the particles immediately after the impact.



2. A particle P of mass 3kg moves such that at time t seconds its position vector, r metres, relative to a fixed origin, O, is given by

$$r = (t^2 - 3t)\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{6}t^3\mathbf{j},$$

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where ${\bf i}$ and ${\bf j}$ are perpendicular horizontal unit vectors.

(a) Find the velocity of P when t = 0.

[5]

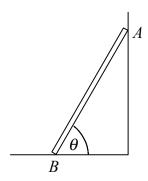
[3]

(b) Find the kinetic energy lost by P in the interval $0 \le t \le 2$.

Total: 8



3. Figure shows a uniform ladder of mass 15kg and length 8m which rests against a smooth vertical wall at A with its lower end on rough horizontal ground at B. The coefficient of friction between the ladder and the ground is $\frac{1}{3}$ and the ladder is inclined at an angle θ to the horizontal, where $\tan \theta = 2$.



A man of mass 75kg ascends the ladder until he reaches a point P. The ladder is then on the point of slipping.

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(a) Write down suitable models for

[2]

[8]

- i. the ladder,
- ii. the man.
- (b) Find the distance AP.

Total: 10



4. A particle P moves in a straight horizontal line such that its acceleration at time t seconds is proportional to $(3t^2 - 5)$

Given that at time t = 0, P is at rest at the origin O and that at time t = 3, its velocity is 3 ms^{-1} ,

- (a) find, in ms^{-2} , the acceleration of P in terms of t, [7]
- (b) show that the displacement of the particle, s metres, from O at time t is given by

$$s = \frac{1}{16}t^2(t^2 - 10).$$

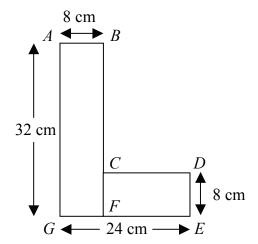
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Total: 11

[4]



5. Figure shows a uniform plane lamina ABCDEG in the shape of a letter 'L' consisting of a rectangle ABFG joined to another rectangle CDEF.



The sides AB and DE are both 8 cm long and the sides EG and GA are of length 24 cm and 32 cm respectively.

- (a) Show that the centre of mass of the lamina lies on the line BF.
- (b) Find the distance of the centre of mass from the line AB.

The uniform lamina above is a model of the letter 'L' in a sign above a shop. The letter is normally suspended from a wall at A and B so that AB is horizontal but the fixing at B has broken and the letter hangs in equilibrium from the point A.

(c) Find, in degrees to one decimal place, the acute angle AG makes with the vertical.

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Total: 12

[5]

[4]

[3]



- 6. The engine of a car of mass 1200kg is working at a constant rate of 90kW as the car moves along a straight horizontal road. The resistive forces opposing the motion of the car are constant and of magnitude 1800N.
 - (a) Find the acceleration of the car when it is travelling at 20 ms⁻¹. [4]
 - (b) Find, in kJ, the kinetic energy of the car when it is travelling at maximum speed.

The car ascends a hill which is straight and makes an angle α with the horizontal. The power output of the engine and the non-gravitational forces opposing the motion remain the same. Given that the car can attain a maximum speed of 25 ms⁻¹,

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(c) find, in degrees correct to one decimal place, the value of α .

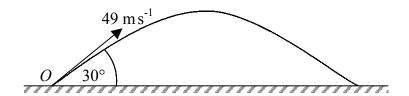
Total: 13

[4]

[5]



7. Figure shows the path of a golf ball which is hit from the point O with speed 49 ms⁻¹ at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The path of the ball is in a vertical plane containing O and the hole at which the ball is aimed.



The hole is 170m from O and on the same horizontal level as O.

(a) Suggest a suitable model for the motion of the golf ball.

Find, correct to 3 significant figures,

- (b) the distance beyond the hole at which the ball hits the ground, [6]
- (c) the magnitude and direction of the velocity of the ball when it is directly above the hole. [7]

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Total: 15

[2]

