

# Solomon Practice Paper

## Mechanics 3C

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre:

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	7	
2	7	
3	9	
4	11	
5	12	
6	14	
7	15	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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1. A light elastic string has natural length  $a$  and modulus of elasticity  $4mg$ . One end of the string is attached to a fixed point  $A$  and a particle of mass  $m$  is attached to the other end.

[7]

The particle is released from rest at  $A$  and falls vertically until it comes to rest instantaneously at the point  $B$ .

Find the distance  $AB$  in terms of  $a$ .

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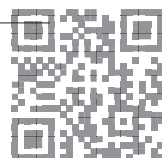
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2. A particle  $P$  of mass  $0.25\text{kg}$  is moving on a horizontal plane.

At time  $t$  seconds the velocity,  $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$ , of  $P$  relative to a fixed origin  $O$  is given by

$$v = \ln(t + 1)\mathbf{i} - e^{-2t}\mathbf{j}, \quad t \leq 0,$$

where  $\mathbf{i}$  and  $\mathbf{j}$  are perpendicular unit vectors in the horizontal plane.

- (a) Find the acceleration of  $P$  in terms of  $t$ . [3]
- (b) Find, correct to 3 significant figures, the magnitude of the resultant force acting on  $P$  when  $t = 1$ . [4]

Total: 7

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3. A coin of mass 5 grams is placed on a vinyl disc rotating on a record player. The distance between the centre of the coin and the centre of the disc is 0.1m and the coefficient of friction between the coin and the disc is  $\mu$ . The disc rotates at 45 revolutions per minute around a vertical axis at its centre and the coin moves with it and does not slide.

By modelling the coin as a particle and giving your answers correct to an appropriate degree of accuracy, find

- (a) the speed of the coin, [2]
- (b) the horizontal and vertical components of the force exerted on the coin by the disc. [4]

Given that the coin is on the point of moving,

- (c) show that, correct to 2 significant figures,  $\mu = 0.23$ . [3]

Total: 9

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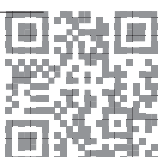
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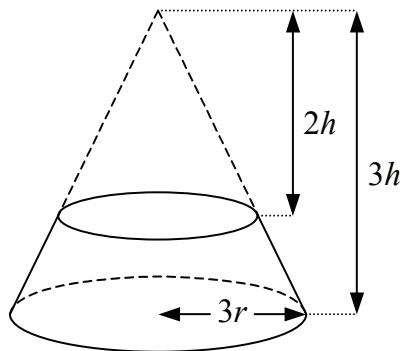
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4. A stand used to reach high shelves in a storeroom is in the shape of a frustum of a cone. It is modelled as a uniform solid formed by removing a right circular cone of height  $2h$  from a similar cone of height  $3h$  and base radius  $3r$  as shown in Figure.



- (a) Show that the centre of mass of the stand is a distance of  $\frac{33}{76}h$  from its larger plane face. [7]

The stand is stored hanging in equilibrium from a point on the circumference of the larger plane face. Given that  $h = 2r$ ,

- (b) find, correct to the nearest degree, the acute angle which the plane faces of the stand make with the vertical. [4]

Total: 11

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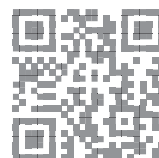
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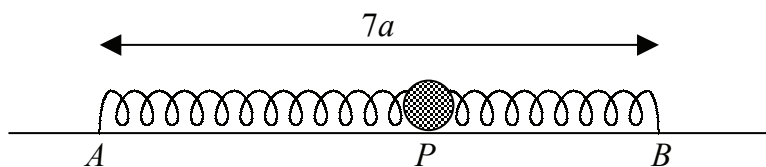
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6. Figure shows a particle  $P$  of mass  $m$  which lies on a smooth horizontal table.



It is attached to a point  $A$  on the table by a light elastic spring of natural length  $3a$  and modulus of elasticity  $\lambda$ , and to a point  $B$  on the table by a light elastic spring of natural length  $2a$  and modulus of elasticity  $2\lambda$ . The distance between the points  $A$  and  $B$  is  $7a$ .

(a) Show that in equilibrium  $AP = \frac{9}{2}a$ . [5]

The particle is released from rest at a point  $Q$  where  $Q$  lies on the line  $AB$  and  $AQ = 5a$ .

(b) Prove that the subsequent motion of the particle is simple harmonic with a period of  $\pi\sqrt{\frac{3ma}{\lambda}}$ . [9]

Total: 14

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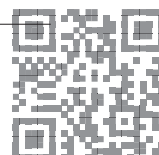
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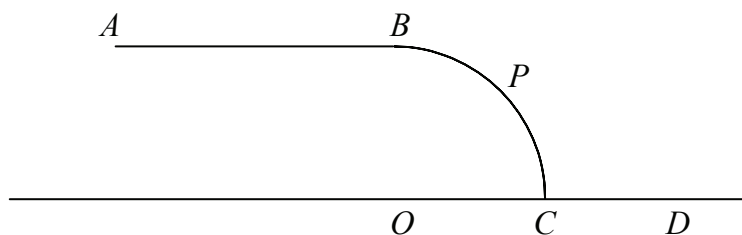
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7. Figure shows a vertical cross-section through part of a ski slope consisting of a horizontal section  $AB$  followed by a downhill section  $BC$ .



The point  $O$  is on the same horizontal level as  $C$  and  $BC$  is a circular arc of radius 30 m and centre  $O$ , such that  $\angle BOC = 90^\circ$ .

A skier of mass 60kg is skiing at  $12\text{ms}^{-1}$  along  $AB$ .

- (a) Assuming that friction and air resistance may be neglected, find the magnitude of the loss in reaction between the skier and the surface at  $B$ . [4]

The skier subsequently leaves the slope at the point  $P$ .

- (b) Find, correct to 3 significant figures, the speed at which the skier leaves the slope. [8]  
 (c) Find, correct to 3 significant figures, the speed of the skier immediately before hitting the ground again at the point  $D$  which is on the same horizontal level as  $C$ . [3]

Total: 15

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