

Solomon Practice Paper

Mechanics 1E

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre:

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	4	
2	7	
3	8	
4	8	
5	8	
6	10	
7	11	
8	19	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

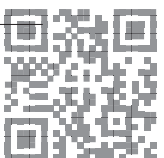
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1. Three forces $(-5\mathbf{i} + 4p\mathbf{j})\text{N}$, $(2q\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j})\text{N}$ and $(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j})\text{N}$ act on A particle A of mass 2kg .

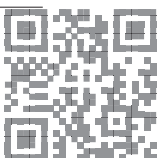
[4]

Given that A is in equilibrium, find the values of p and q .

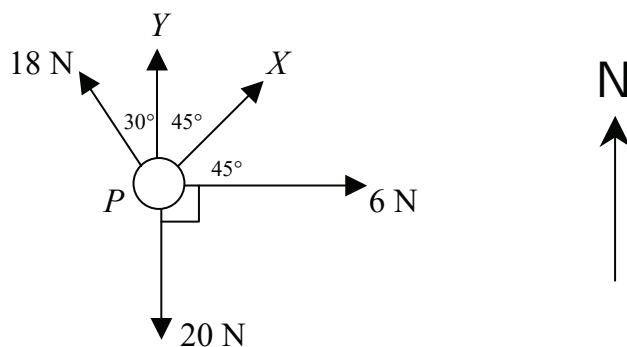


2. An underground train accelerates uniformly from rest at station *A* to a velocity of 24 ms^{-1} . It maintains this speed for 84 seconds, until it decelerates uniformly to rest at station *B*. The total journey time is 116 seconds and the magnitudes of the acceleration and deceleration are equal.
- (a) Find the time it takes the train to accelerate from rest to 24 ms^{-1} . [2]
 - (b) Illustrate this information on a velocity-time graph. [2]
 - (c) Using your graph, or otherwise, find the distance between the two stations. [3]

Total: 7



3. Figure shows the forces acting on A particle, P .



These consist of A 20N force to the South, a 6N force to the East, an 18N force 30° West of North and two unknown forces X and Y which act to the North-East and North respectively.

Given that P is in equilibrium,

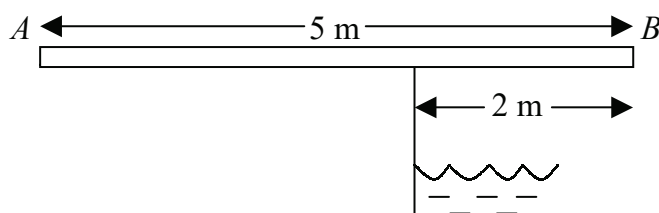
(a) show that X has magnitude $3\sqrt{2}\text{N}$, [4]

(b) find the exact value of Y . [4]

Total: 8



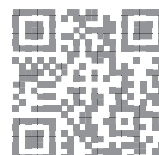
4. Figure shows *A* uniform plank *AB* of mass 50kg and length 5m which overhangs *A* river by 2m.



When *A* boy of mass 20kg stands at *A*, his sister can walk to within 0.3m of *B*, at which point the plank is in limiting equilibrium.

- (a) What is the mass of the girl? [4]
- (b) Find the smallest extra weight which must be placed at *A* to enable the girl to walk right to the end *B*. [3]
- (c) How have you used the fact that the plank is uniform? [1]

Total: 8



8. Figure shows two particles A and B , of mass $5M$ and $3M$ respectively, attached to the ends of a light inextensible string of length $4m$.

The string passes over a smooth pulley which is fixed to the edge of a rough horizontal table $2m$ high. Particle A lies on the table at a distance of $3m$ from the pulley, whilst particle B hangs freely over the edge of the table $1m$ above the ground. The coefficient of friction between A and the table is $\frac{3}{20}$.

The system is released from rest with the string taut.

(a) Show that the initial acceleration of the system is $\frac{9}{32}g \text{ ms}^{-2}$. [8]

(b) Find, in terms of g , the speed of A immediately before B hits the ground. [4]

When B hits the ground, it comes to rest and the string becomes slack.

(c) Calculate how far particle A is from the pulley when it comes to rest. [7]

Total: 19

