Solomon Practice Paper

Mechanics 3D

Time allowed: 90 mintues

	Question	Points	Score
Centre:	1	7	
	2	7	
Name:	3	9	
Teacher:	4	10	
	5	11	
	6	13	
	7	18	

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Total:

75

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How I can achieve better:

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- 1. The mechanism for releasing the ball on a pinball machine contains a light elastic spring of natural length 15cm and modulus of elasticity λ . The spring is held compressed to a length of 9 cm by a force of 4.5N.
 - (a) Find λ .
 - (b) Find the work done in compressing the spring from a length of 9 cm to a length of 5 cm. [4]

Total: 7

[3]

- 2. A small bead P is threaded onto a smooth circular wire of radius 0.8 m and centre O which is fixed in a vertical plane. The bead is projected from the point vertically below O with speed u ms⁻¹ and moves in complete circles about O.
 - (a) Suggest a suitable model for the bead.
 - (b) Given that the minimum speed of P is 60% of its maximum speed, use the principle of [6] conservation of energy to show that u = 7.

Total: 7

[1]



3. At time t seconds the acceleration, $a \text{ ms}^{-2}$, of a particle is given by

$$a = \frac{4}{(1+t)^3}.$$

When t = 0, the particle has velocity 1 ms⁻¹ and displacement 3 m from a fixed origin O.

- (a) Find an expression for the velocity of the particle in terms of t.
- (b) Show that when t = 3 the particle is 10.5 m from O.

Total: 9

[4]

[5]

- 4. A particle of mass 0.5kg is moving on a straight line with simple harmonic motion. At time t = 0the particle is instantaneously at rest at the point A. It next comes instantaneously to rest 3 seconds later at the point B where AB = 4m.
 - (a) For the motion of the particle write down
 - i. the period,
 - ii. the amplitude.
 - (b) Find the maximum kinetic energy of the particle in terms of π .

The point C lies on AB at a distance of 1.2m from B.

(c) Find the time it takes the particle to travel directly from A to C, giving your answer in [4] seconds correct to 2 decimal places.

Total: 10

[2]

[4]



5. When a particle of mass M is at a distance of x metres from the centre of the moon, the gravitational force, F N, acting on it and directed towards the centre of the moon is given by

$$F = \frac{(4.90 \times 10^{12})M}{x^2}$$

A rocket is projected vertically into space from a point on the surface of the moon with initial speed $u \text{ ms}^{-1}$. Given that the radius of the moon is $(1.74 \times 10^6)\text{m}$,

(a) show that the speed of the rocket, $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$, when it is x metres from the centre of the moon [7] is given by

$$v^2 = u^2 + \frac{a}{x} - b,$$

where a and b are constants which should be found correct to 3 significant figures.

(b) Find, correct to 2 significant figures, the minimum value of u needed for the rocket to escape [4] the moon's gravitational attraction.

Total: 11

6. Figure shows a bowl formed by removing from a solid hemisphere of radius $\frac{3}{2}r$, a smaller hemisphere of radius r having the same axis of symmetry and the same plane face.



(a) Show that the centre of mass of the bowl is a distance of $\frac{195}{304}$ r from its plane face. [7]

The bowl has mass M and is placed with its curved surface on a smooth horizontal plane. A stud of mass $\frac{1}{2}M$ is attached to the outer rim of the bowl.



When the bowl is in equilibrium its plane surface is inclined at an angle α to the horizontal as shown in Figure.

(b) Find $\tan \alpha$.

[6] Total: 13



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7. A cyclist is travelling round a circular bend of radius 25m on a track which is banked at an angle of 35° to the horizontal.

In a model of the situation, the cyclist and her bicycle are represented by a particle of mass 60kg and air resistance and friction are ignored.

Using this model and assuming that the cyclist is not slipping,

(a) find, correct to 3 significant figures, the speed at which she is travelling.

In tests it is found that the cyclist must travel at a minimum speed of 10 ms⁻¹ to prevent the bicycle from slipping down the slope. A more refined model is now used with a coefficient of friction between the bicycle and the track of μ .

Using this model,

- (b) show that $\mu = 0.227$, correct to 3 significant figures, [8]
- (c) find, correct to 2 significant figures, the maximum speed at which the cyclist can travel [5] without slipping up the slope.

Total: 18

[5]

