

Solomon Practice Paper

Core Mathematics 2G

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	5	
2	6	
3	6	
4	7	
5	8	
6	8	
7	11	
8	12	
9	12	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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Last updated: May 5, 2023



1. Evaluate

[5]

$$\int_{-2}^0 (3x - 1)^2 dx.$$

2.

$$f(x) = x^3 + kx - 20.$$

Given that $f(x)$ is exactly divisible by $(x + 1)$,(a) find the value of the constant k ,

[2]

(b) solve the equation $f(x) = 0$.

[4]

Total: 6

3. (a) Given that

[2]

$$5 \cos(\theta) - 2 \sin(\theta) = 0,$$

show that $\tan(\theta) = 2.5$.(b) Solve, for $0 \leq x \leq 180$, the equation

[4]

$$5 \cos(2x^\circ) - 2 \sin(2x^\circ) = 0,$$

giving your answers to 1 decimal place.

Total: 6

4. Solve each equation, giving your answers to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

(a) $3^{x-2} = 5$.

[3]

(b) $\log_2(6 - y) = 3 - \log_2(y)$.

[4]

Total: 7

5. A geometric series has third term 36 and fourth term 27. Find

(a) the common ratio of the series,

[2]

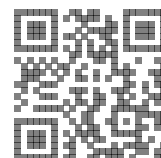
(b) the fifth term of the series,

[2]

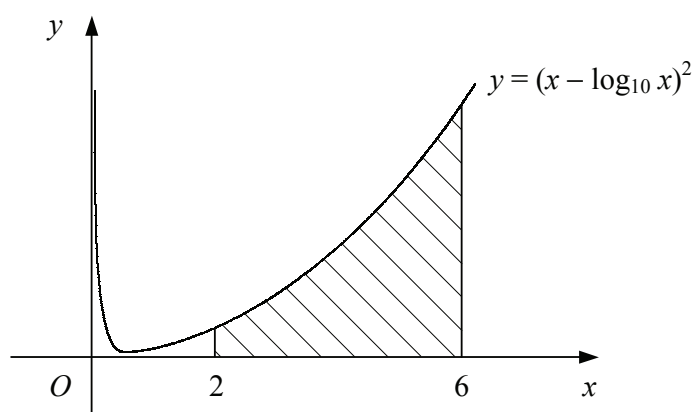
(c) the sum to infinity of the series.

[4]

Total: 8



6. Figure shows the curve with equation $y = (x - \log(x))^2, x > 0$.

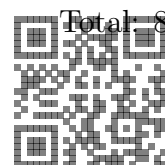


- (a) Copy and complete the table below for points on the curve, giving the y values to 2 decimal places. [2]

x	2	3	4	5	6
y	2.89	6.36			

The shaded area is bounded by the curve, the x -axis and the lines $x = 2$ and $x = 6$.

- (b) Use the trapezium rule with all the values in your table to estimate the area of the shaded region. [4]
- (c) State, with a reason, whether your answer to part (b) is an under-estimate or an over-estimate of the true area. [2]

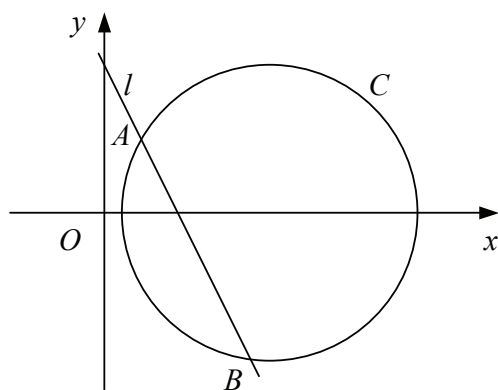


7.

$$f(x) = 2 + 6x^2 - x^3.$$

- (a) Find the coordinates of the stationary points of the curve $y = f(x)$. [5]
- (b) Determine whether each stationary point is a maximum or minimum point. [3]
- (c) Sketch the curve $y = f(x)$. [2]
- (d) State the set of values of k for which the equation $f(x) = k$ has three solutions. [1]

Total: 11

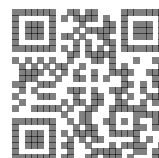
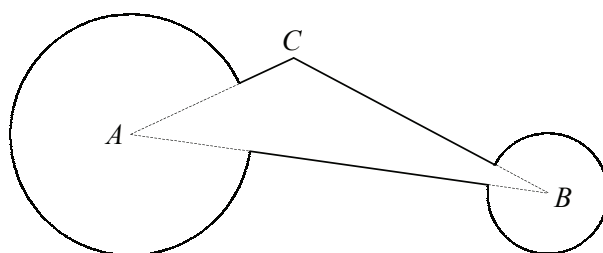
8. Figure shows the circle C and the straight line l .

The centre of C lies on the x -axis and l intersects C at the points $A(2, 4)$ and $B(8, -8)$.

- (a) Find the gradient of l . [2]
- (b) Find the coordinates of the mid-point of AB . [2]
- (c) Find the coordinates of the centre of C . [5]
- (d) Show that C has the equation $x^2 + y^2 - 18x + 16 = 0$. [3]

Total: 12

9. Figure shows a design painted on the wall at a karting track.



The sign consists of triangle ABC and two circular sectors of radius 2 metres and 1 metre with centres A and B respectively.

Given that $AB = 7$ m, $AC = 3$ m and $\angle ACB = 2.2$ radians,

- (a) use the sine rule to find the size of $\angle ABC$ in radians to 3 significant figures, [3]
- (b) show that $\angle BAC = 0.588$ radians to 3 significant figures, [2]
- (c) find the area of triangle ABC , [2]
- (d) find the area of the wall covered by the design. [5]

Total: 12

