

# Solomon Practice Paper

## Core Mathematics 2G

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: [www.CasperYC.club](http://www.CasperYC.club)

Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	5	
2	6	
3	6	
4	7	
5	8	
6	8	
7	11	
8	12	
9	12	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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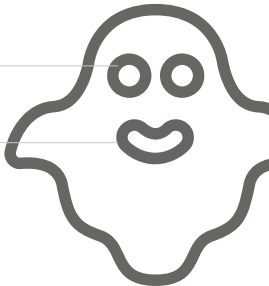
Last updated: July 14, 2025



1. Evaluate

[5]

$$\int_{-2}^0 (3x - 1)^2 \, dx.$$



$$f(x) = x^3 + kx - 20.$$

[2]

[4]



3. (a) Given that [2]

$$5 \cos(\theta) - 2 \sin(\theta) = 0,$$

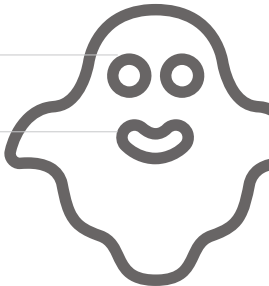
show that  $\tan(\theta) = 2.5$ .

(b) Solve, for  $0 \leq x \leq 180$ , the equation [4]

$$5 \cos(2x^\circ) - 2 \sin(2x^\circ) = 0,$$

giving your answers to 1 decimal place.

Total: 6



4. Solve each equation, giving your answers to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

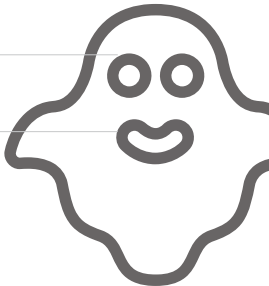
(a)  $3^{x-2} = 5.$

[3]

(b)  $\log_2(6 - y) = 3 - \log_2(y).$

[4]

Total: 7



5. A geometric series has third term 36 and fourth term 27. Find

(a) the common ratio of the series, [2]

(b) the fifth term of the series, [2]

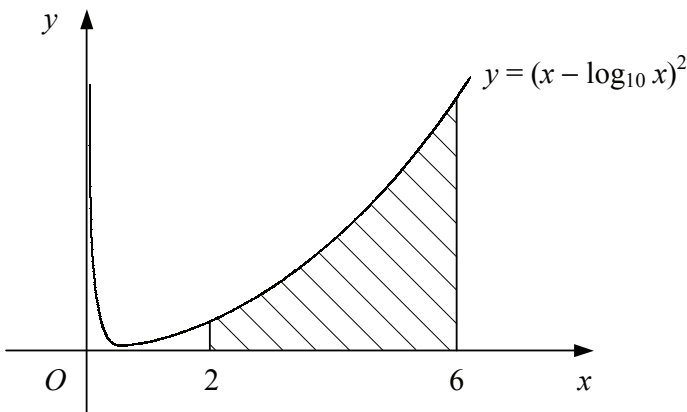
(c) the sum to infinity of the series. [4]

Total: 8





6. Figure shows the curve with equation  $y = (x - \log(x))^2, x > 0$ .



- (a) Copy and complete the table below for points on the curve, giving the y values to 2 decimal places. [2]

x	2	3	4	5	6
y	2.89	6.36			

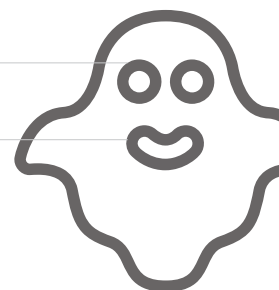
The shaded area is bounded by the curve, the x-axis and the lines  $x = 2$  and  $x = 6$ .

- (b) Use the trapezium rule with all the values in your table to estimate the area of the shaded region. [4]
- (c) State, with a reason, whether your answer to part (b) is an under-estimate or an over-estimate of the true area. [2]

Total: 8







7.

$f(x) = 2 + 6x^2 - x^3.$

- (a) Find the coordinates of the stationary points of the curve  $y = f(x)$ . [5]
- (b) Determine whether each stationary point is a maximum or minimum point. [3]
- (c) Sketch the curve  $y = f(x)$ . [2]
- (d) State the set of values of  $k$  for which the equation  $f(x) = k$  has three solutions. [1]

Total: 11



- (a) Find the gradient of  $l$ . [2]
- (b) Find the coordinates of the mid-point of  $AB$ . [2]
- (c) Find the coordinates of the centre of  $C$ . [5]
- (d) Show that  $C$  has the equation  $x^2 + y^2 - 18x + 16 = 0$ . [3]



Given that  $AB = 7$  m,  $AC = 3$  m and  $\angle ACB = 2.2$  radians,

- Total: 12

