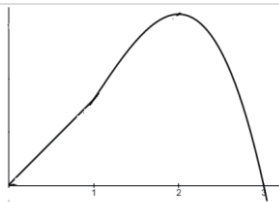


Question Number	Scheme		Marks	
Throughout the paper the candidates may use different letters to the ones given in the mark scheme.				
1(a)	$P(F \leq 12) = 1 - P(F = 11)$		M1	
	$= 0.34517\dots$	awrt 0.345	A1	
	(2)			
(b)	$P(8 \leq F < 15) = P(F = 14) - P(F = 7)$		M1	
	$= 0.81104\dots$	awrt 0.811	A1	
	(2)			
(c)	$3(30 - F) + F < 70$ or $F > 10$	$3(R) + 30 - R < 70$ or $R < 20$	M1	
	$P(F > 10) = 1 - P(F = 10)$	$P(R < 20) = P(R = 19)$	M1	
	$= 0.4922\dots$		awrt 0.492	A1
	(3)			
(d)	$H_0: p = 0.35$ $H_1: p > 0.35$		B1	
	Let Y be the number of customers who do not buy free range eggs. $Y \sim N(70, 45.5)$		M1	
	$P(Y \leq 86) \approx P\left(Z > \frac{85.5 - 70}{\sqrt{45.5}}\right)$ or $\pm \frac{x - 0.5 - 70}{\sqrt{45.5}} = 1.6449$		M1 M1	
	$\approx 0.01078\dots$ or $81.595\dots$		A1	
	There is evidence to reject H_0 . In the critical region		dM1	
	There is evidence to support the manager's belief / There is evidence to support the <u>proportion</u> of customers who <u>do not</u> buy free range eggs is <u>more than 35%</u> (o.e)		A1	
	(7)			
Total 14				
(a)	M1 A1	Writing or using $1 - P(F = 11)$ awrt 0.345		
(b)	M1 A1	$P(F = 14) - P(F = 7)$ awrt 0.811		
(c)	M1 M1 A1	Allow equation instead of inequality (may be implied by 2 nd M1) Writing or using $1 - P(F = 10)$ ft their 10 but must be finding the correct tail. awrt 0.492		
(d)	B1 M1 M1 M1 A1 dM1 A1	Both hypotheses in terms of p or π Writing or using a normal distribution with a mean of 70 Standardising using 85.5/86/86.5, their mean and their sd Using a continuity correction 86 ± 0.5 Correct probability awrt 0.0108 or awrt 0.0107 or x value of awrt 82 or allow awrt 2.29... and 1.6449 seen NB exact Binomial 0.01156 Po approx. awrt 0.0352 (dep on 1 st M1) A correct statement based on comparing 86 with their CR or their prob with 0.05 [condone $0.989 > 0.95$]– contradicting non-contextual comments M0 A correct statement in context. NB award M1A1 for a correct contextual statement on its own.		

Question Number	Scheme		Marks
2(i)(a)	$P(X > 14) = \frac{2}{5}$ oe		B1
			(1)
(b)	$a = 8 - 2(14 - 8) [= -4]$		M1
	$b = 14 + 2(14 - 8) [= 26]$		M1
	$P(6X > a + b) \neq \left(\frac{26 - \frac{26-4}{6}}{26+4} \right)$ oe		M1
	$= \frac{67}{90}$ oe		awrt 0.744 A1
			(4)
(ii)(a)	$S \square U[0, 22.5]$ or $f(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{45} & 0 \leq s \leq 22.5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$		B1
			(1)
(b)	$P(S < 12) = \frac{12}{22.5}$		M1
	$= \frac{8}{15}$		awrt 0.533 A1
			(2)
(c)	$P(T = 6) = {}^{20}C_6 \left(\frac{8}{15} \right)^6 \left(1 - \frac{8}{15} \right)^{14}$		M1M1
	$= 0.02072\dots$		awrt 0.0207 A1
			(3)
			Total 11
Notes			
(i)(a)	B1	Allow 0.4	
(b)	M1	A correct method to find the value of a or $\frac{a+b}{2} = 11$ May be awarded in part(a)	
	M1	A correct method to find the value of b or a second correct equation ft their (a) eg $\frac{b-14}{b-a} = \frac{2}{5}$	
	M1	May be awarded in part(a)	
	M1	A correct probability expression using their value for a and their value for b	
	A1	Correct answer	
(ii)(a)	B1	Correct distribution stated allow in words. Condone <	
(b)	M1	Correct method ft their value of $(b - a)$ if positive. Condone 45 in the denominator for this mark	
	A1	Awrt 0.533	
(c)	M1	For $\left(\frac{8}{15} \right)^6 \left(1 - \frac{8}{15} \right)^{14}$	
	M1	Fully correct probability ft their 8/15	
	A1	awrt 0.0207	

Question Number	Scheme		Marks
3(a)	$4a = a(b) \Rightarrow b = 4^*$		B1*cs0 (1)
(b)	$a(27b - 81 + 1) = 1$		M1
	$a = \frac{1}{28}$		A1 (2)
(c)	$P(X > 2.25) = 1 - F(2.25)$		M1
	$= 0.25237\dots$	awrt 0.252	A1 (2)
(d)(i)	$f(x) = \frac{3}{7}x^2 - \frac{1}{7}x^3$ or $\frac{2}{7}x$		M1
			B1
(ii)	Sketch		
	$f'(x) = \frac{6}{7}x - \frac{3}{7}x^2$		dM1
	$\frac{6}{7}x - \frac{3}{7}x^2 = 0$		dM1
	Mode = 2		A1 (5)
			Total 10
Notes			
In this question award mark all parts together			
(a)	B1*	Answer given so need to see $4a = a(b)$ allow $4a(1) = a(b(1) - 1 + 1)$ followed by $b = 4$	
(b)	M1 A1	For a correct equation $1/28$ o.e.	
(c)	M1 A1	For $1 - F(2.25)$ or $F(3) - F(2.25)$ Implied by a correct answer awrt 0.252	
(d)(i)	M1 B1	Differentiating to find $f(x)$, one term correct or correct follow through. Condone missing a Differentiation may be seen anywhere in the question. $f(x) = a(12x^2 - 4x^3)$ or $8ax$ Sketch of pdf. Straight line followed by smooth curve with mode near the middle of the curve. Must be connected (no gap). Values not required, but must begin and end on horizontal axis.	
(ii)	dM1 dM1 A1	Dep on 1st M being awarded. Differentiating their $f(x)$ (for $1 < x \leq 3$) to find $f'(x)$ $x^n \rightarrow x^{n-1}$ Condone missing a $f'(x) = a(24x - 12x^2)$ Dep on previous M being awarded. Putting their $f'(x) = 0$ All but the B1 mark must be awarded	

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
4(a)	$P(X=8) = \frac{e^{-6}6^8}{8!}$ or 0.8472 – 0.7440	M1	
	= 0.10325...	awrt 0.103	
		(2)	
(b)	[$X \sim \text{Po}(6)$...] $P(X \leq n) < 0.05$ or $P(X \leq n-1) > 0.95$ r	M1	
	$n = 11$	A1cao	
		(2)	
(c)	$K \sim \text{Po}(0.6m)$ and $P(K=0) < 0.05$ v $e^{-0.6m} < 0.05$ / $-0.6m < \ln 0.05$ oe	M1	
	$m = 5$	A1cao	
		(2)	
(d)	$Y \sim \text{Po}(3)$	B1	
	$P(Y \leq 1) = 1 - P(Y=0)$	M1	
	= 0.9502	A1	
		(3)	
(e)	[$W \sim \text{Po}(18)$] $P(W=15) = \frac{e^{-18}18^{15}}{15!}$ [= 0.078575...]	$Y \sim \text{B}(15, \frac{5}{30})$	M1
	$\frac{P(Y=1 [Y \sim \text{Po}(3)]) \times P(T=14 [T \sim \text{Po}(15)])}{\text{"0.078575..."}}$	$P(Y=1)$	dM1
	$\frac{(e^{-3} \times 3) [= 0.149...] \times \left(\frac{e^{-15}15^{14}}{14!} \right) [= 0.102...]}{\text{"0.078575..."}}$	$= 15(\frac{1}{6})(\frac{5}{6})^{14}$	dM1
	= 0.1947...	awrt 0.195	A1
		(4)	
(f)	$J \sim \text{Po}(9)$	M1	
	$P(J \leq 13) = 0.9261$		
	$P(J \leq 14) = 0.9585$		
	So critical region is $J \geq 15$	A1	
		(2)	
		Total 15	

		Notes
(a)	M1 A1	Correct formula or correct use of tables awrt 0.103
(b)	M1 A1	A correct probability statement. Implied by correct answer cao
(c)	M1 A1	Forming an equation or inequality or identifying $\lambda = 3$ cao
(d)	B1	Writing Po(3) [implied by 0.0498... or correct answer]
	M1	Writing or using $1 - P(Y=0)$
(e)	A1	Allow 0.95 or better
	M1	Using Po(18) to find $P(W=15)$
	dM1	(dep on 1 st M1) Attempt at conditional probability with $P(Y=1) \times P(T=14)$ (any value of λ) on num. and their $P(W=15)$ on denom. (may be implied)
	dM1	(dep on 2 nd M1) Correct ratio of probabilities
ALT:	A1	awrt 0.195
(f)	M1	Use of Binomial: 1 st M1 correct distribution, 2 nd dM1 $P(Y=1)$, 3 rd dM1 correct expression
	A1	Writing or using Po(9) Implied by correct CR Cao . Allow $J > 14$. Do not allow as part of a probability statement.

Question Number	Scheme		Marks																												
5(a)	$P(\text{score } 8) = 0.25 \times 0.35 = 0.0875$		B1																												
			(1)																												
(b)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>sample</th> <th>Score (y)</th> <th>calculation</th> <th>$P(Y = y)$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>(1,3)</td> <td>-2</td> <td>0.4×0.25</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(1,2)</td> <td>0</td> <td>0.4×0.35</td> <td>0.14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(1,1) (2,3)</td> <td>2</td> <td>$0.4^2 + 0.35 \times 0.25$</td> <td>0.2475</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(2,2)</td> <td>4</td> <td>0.35^2</td> <td>0.1225</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(2,1) (3,3)</td> <td>6</td> <td>$0.35 \times 0.4 + 0.25^2$</td> <td>0.2025</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(3,1)</td> <td>10</td> <td>0.25×0.4</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		sample	Score (y)	calculation	$P(Y = y)$	(1,3)	-2	0.4×0.25	0.1	(1,2)	0	0.4×0.35	0.14	(1,1) (2,3)	2	$0.4^2 + 0.35 \times 0.25$	0.2475	(2,2)	4	0.35^2	0.1225	(2,1) (3,3)	6	$0.35 \times 0.4 + 0.25^2$	0.2025	(3,1)	10	0.25×0.4	0.1	B1 M1 M1 M1
sample	Score (y)	calculation	$P(Y = y)$																												
(1,3)	-2	0.4×0.25	0.1																												
(1,2)	0	0.4×0.35	0.14																												
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	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Y</th> <th>-2</th> <th>0</th> <th>2</th> <th>4</th> <th>6</th> <th>8</th> <th>10</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$P(Y = y)$</td> <td>0.1</td> <td>0.14</td> <td>0.2475</td> <td>0.1225</td> <td>0.2025</td> <td>0.0875</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>$[\frac{1}{10}]$</td> <td>$[\frac{7}{50}]$</td> <td>$[\frac{99}{400}]$</td> <td>$[\frac{49}{400}]$</td> <td>$[\frac{81}{400}]$</td> <td>$[\frac{7}{80}]$</td> <td>$[\frac{1}{10}]$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Y	-2	0	2	4	6	8	10	$P(Y = y)$	0.1	0.14	0.2475	0.1225	0.2025	0.0875	0.1		$[\frac{1}{10}]$	$[\frac{7}{50}]$	$[\frac{99}{400}]$	$[\frac{49}{400}]$	$[\frac{81}{400}]$	$[\frac{7}{80}]$	$[\frac{1}{10}]$	A1				
Y	-2	0	2	4	6	8	10																								
$P(Y = y)$	0.1	0.14	0.2475	0.1225	0.2025	0.0875	0.1																								
	$[\frac{1}{10}]$	$[\frac{7}{50}]$	$[\frac{99}{400}]$	$[\frac{49}{400}]$	$[\frac{81}{400}]$	$[\frac{7}{80}]$	$[\frac{1}{10}]$																								
			(5)																												
(c)	$E(Y) = -2 \times "0.1" + [0 \times "0.14"] + 2 \times "0.2475" + 4 \times "0.1225" + 6 \times "0.2025"$ $+ 8 \times 0.0875 + 10 \times "0.1"$		M1																												
	$= 3.7$		A1																												
			(2)																												
			Total 8																												
	Notes																														
(a)	B1	A correct calculation shown followed by 0.0875																													
(b)	B1	For identifying the correct set of y values. Any extras must have a probability of 0																													
		May be split eg 2 may appear twice																													
	M1	For at least two correct calculations or probs from $P(Y = -2)$, $P(Y = 0)$, $P(Y = 4)$ or $P(Y = 10)$																													
	M1	For at least one correct calculation or prob for $P(Y = 2)$ or $P(Y = 6)$																													
	M1	For at least four correct calculations or probs attached to the correct value of y or sample																													
	A1	A fully correct answer																													
(c)	M1	Correct expression fit their table																													
	A1	3.7 or exact equivalent																													
		Alternative for (c) M1																													
		$E(X) = 0.4 + 2 \times 0.35 + 3 \times 0.25 [= 1.85]$ and $E(Y) = 4 \times "1.85" - 2 \times "1.85"$																													

Qu'n Number	Scheme	Marks
6(a)		B1 B1
		(2)
(b)	$E(Y) = 2$	B1
	$\text{Var}(2Y - 3) = 4\text{Var}(Y)$	M1
	$\text{Var}(Y) = \left(\frac{131}{21} - 2^2\right)$	M1
	$\text{Var}(2Y - 3) = \frac{188}{21}$	awrt 8.95 A1
		(4)
(c)	$\int_{-1}^t \frac{1}{14}(y+2)dy = \frac{1}{14} \left[\frac{y^2}{2} + 2y \right]_{-1}^t$ or $\int \frac{1}{14}(y+2)dy = \frac{1}{14} \left[\frac{y^2}{2} + 2y \right] + C$ or $\int \frac{1}{14}(y+2)dy = \frac{1}{28}(y+2)^2 + C$	M1
	$\frac{1}{14} \left[\left(\frac{t^2}{2} + 2t \right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} - 2 \right) \right]$ or $\frac{1}{14} \left[\frac{(-1)^2}{2} - 2 \right] + C = 0$ & $C = \frac{3}{28}$ or $\frac{1}{28}(-1+2)^2 + C = 0$ & $C = -\frac{1}{28}$ leading to $\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} + 2y + \frac{3}{2} \right)^*$	A1*cs0
		(2)
(d)	$\int_1^t \frac{3}{14}dy + F(1) = \left[\frac{3}{14}y \right]_1^t + F(1) = \left[\left(\frac{3t}{14} \right) - \left(\frac{3}{14} \right) \right] + F(1)$ or $\int \frac{3}{14}dy = \left[\frac{3}{14}y \right] + C$ and use of $F(1) =$ "their $F(1)$ " or $F(3) =$ "their $F(3)$ "	M1
	$\int_3^t \frac{1}{14}(6-y)dy + F(3) = \frac{1}{14} \left[6y - \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_3^t + F(3) = \frac{1}{14} \left[\left(6t - \frac{t^2}{2} \right) - \left(18 - \frac{9}{2} \right) \right] + F(3)$ or $\int \frac{1}{14}(6-y)dx = \frac{1}{14} \left[6y - \frac{y^2}{2} \right] + C$ or $C = \frac{(6-y)^2}{28}$ and use $F(5) = 1$	M1
	$F(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y \leq -1 \\ \frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} + 2y + \frac{3}{2} \right) & -1 < y < 1 \\ \frac{3}{14}y + \frac{1}{14} & 1 < y < 3 \\ \frac{3}{7}y - \frac{1}{28}y^2 - \frac{1}{4} & 3 < y < 5 \\ 1 & y > 5 \end{cases}$	A1 A1 B1
		(5)

(e)	$\frac{3}{14}m + \frac{1}{14} = 0.3$	M1
	$m = \frac{16}{15}$	A1
		(2)
(f)	$P(4Y \leq 5 \mid Y \leq 3) = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{14} \times \frac{5}{4} + \frac{1}{14}\right)}{\left(\frac{3}{14} \times 3 + \frac{1}{14}\right)} \left[= \frac{19/56}{5/7} \right]$	M1
	$= \frac{19}{40} \text{ or } 0.475$	A1
		(2)
		Total 17

		Notes
(a)	B1	Shape correct – must not touch/cross the x -axis
	B1	Fully correct including labels (all x -axis and at least one vertical axis label which may be 2/14)
(b)	B1	Correct value for $E(Y)$
	M1	Writing or using 4 $\text{Var}(Y)$ on its own
	M1	Correct formula for $\text{Var}(Y)$ allow use of their $E(Y)$ if clearly stated
	A1	awrt 8.95
(c)	M1	For a correct method for $-1 < y, 1$ Allow finding the area: attempt at trapezium $\times (y+1)$ $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{14} + \frac{1}{14}(y+2) \right) (y+1)$
	A1 *cso	A fully correct solution with substitution seen or C found leading to $\frac{1}{14} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} + 2y + \frac{3}{2} \right)$
(d)		Allow any letter
	M1	For a correct method for $1 < y, 3$ Allow finding the area $\left(\frac{1}{14} + \frac{3}{14} \right) + \frac{3}{14}(y-1)$ or $F(1) + \frac{3}{14}(y-1)$
	M1	For a correct method for $3 < y, 5$ Allow finding the area $\left(\frac{1}{14} + \frac{3}{14} \right) + \frac{6}{14} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{14}(6-y) \right) (y-3)$ or $F(3) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{14} + \frac{1}{14}(6-y) \right) (y-3)$
	A1	For a correct expression attached to $1 < y, 3$
	A1	For a correct expression attached to $3 < y, 5$ Allow $\frac{29 - (6-y)^2}{28}$ oe
	B1	Top, 2 nd and bottom line correct plus all in terms of the same letter. Allow $<$ for $,,$ and vice versa
(e)	M1	Setting their equation for $1 < y, 3$ equal to 0.3
	A1	cao
(f)	M1	For writing or using $\frac{F(\frac{5}{4})}{F(3)}$ Allow use of their expression for $3 < y, 5$ for the denominator
	A1	cao