(a)	Find <i>v</i> .	[1
(b)	Find the greatest height of <i>P</i> above the ground.	[2
(8)	That the greatest height of T upone the ground.	2
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(a)	Find the work done against friction.	[1]
(b)	Find the change in gravitational potential energy of the box.	[2]
(c)	Find the work done by the pulling force.	[1]

(a)	Draw a diagram showing all the forces acting on the block.	[1
(b)	Find the coefficient of friction between the block and the table.	[5

Find the two possible values of the loss of kinetic energy due to the collision.	[6
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	FT 35.4

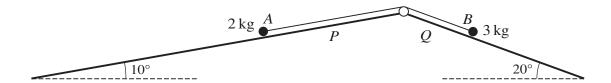
(a)	Find the values of t for which P is at instantaneous rest.	[2
(b)	Find the initial acceleration of P .	[2
(c)	Find the minimum velocity of <i>P</i> .	[2]

Find the distance travelled by P during the time when its velocity is negative.	
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		ely.
(a)	The	car and caravan are travelling along a straight horizontal road.
	(i)	Given that the car and caravan have a constant speed of $25 \mathrm{ms^{-1}}$, find the power of the car engine.
	(ii)	The engine's power is now suddenly increased to 39 kW. Find the instantaneous acceleration of the car and caravan and find the tension in the tow-bar.

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(b)	The car and caravan now travel up a straight hill, inclined at an angle of $\sin^{-1} 0.05$ thorizontal, at a constant speed of v m s ⁻¹ . The car's engine is working at 32.5 kW.	to the
	Find v.	[3]
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7



As shown in the diagram, particles A and B of masses $2 \log$ and $3 \log$ respectively are attached to the ends of a light inextensible string. The string passes over a small fixed smooth pulley which is attached to the top of two inclined planes. Particle A is on plane P, which is inclined at an angle of 10° to the horizontal. Particle B is on plane Q, which is inclined at an angle of 20° to the horizontal. The string is taut, and the two parts of the string are parallel to lines of greatest slope of their respective planes.

(a)	It is given that plane P is smooth, plane Q is rough, and the particles are in limiting equilibrium.
	Find the coefficient of friction between particle B and plane Q . [5]

(b)	It is given instead that both planes are smooth and that the particles are released from rest at the same horizontal level.			
	Find the time taken until the difference in the vertical height of the particles is 1 m. [You should assume that this occurs before A reaches the pulley or B reaches the bottom of plane Q .] [6]			