

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(i)	Binomial	<b>B1</b>	
	$n = 500$ and $p = \frac{1}{150}$ or 0.00667	<b>B1</b>	Or $B\left(500, \frac{1}{150}\right)$ for B1B1
		<b>2</b>	
1(ii)	Poisson	<b>B1</b>	
	$n$ large and mean = $\frac{10}{3}$ or 3.3 or better, which is $< 5$	<b>B1</b>	Accept $n > 50$
		<b>2</b>	
1(iii)	$1 - e^{-\frac{10}{3}} \times \left(1 + \frac{10}{3} + \frac{\left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^2}{2}\right)$	<b>M1</b>	1-P( $X = 0, 1, 2$ )
	= $1 - 0.353$	<b>A1</b>	Correct expression with $\lambda = 3.3$ or better
	= 0.647 (3 sf)	<b>A1</b>	<b>SC</b> Use of Binomial scores B1 for 0.648. Use of Normal scores B1 for 0.67(0) to 0.677
		<b>3</b>	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(i)(a)	Assume standard deviation for the region is 7.1	<b>B1</b>	Or standard deviation is same as for whole population OE
	$\frac{63.2 - 65.2}{\frac{7.1}{\sqrt{n}}} = -2.182$	<b>M1</b>	Attempt to find correct equation (accept +2.182)
	$n = \{-2.182 \times 7.1 \div (-2)\}^2$	<b>A1</b>	Any correct expression for $n$ or $\sqrt{n}$ . SOI
	$n = 60$	<b>A1</b>	CWO. Must be an integer
		<b>4</b>	
2(i)(b)	H <sub>0</sub> : population mean (or $\mu$ ) = 65.2 H <sub>1</sub> : population mean (or $\mu$ ) < 65.2	<b>B1</b>	Not just ‘mean’
	$2.182 > 1.751$	<b>M1</b>	Or valid area comparison.
	There is evidence that animals are shorter in this region	<b>A1</b>	CWO. No contradictions
		<b>3</b>	
2(ii)	Population unknown or population not given as normal	<b>B1</b>	Allow population not normal. Accept distribution of X unknown.
		<b>1</b>	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(i)	$\text{est}(\mu) = \frac{25110}{50} \quad (= 502.2)$	<b>B1</b>	
	$\text{est}(\sigma^2) = \frac{50}{49} \left( \frac{12610300}{50} - \frac{25110}{50} \right)^2 \left( = \frac{50}{49} \times \frac{58}{50} = 1.1836 \right)$	<b>M1</b>	OE
	1.18 (3 sf) or $\frac{58}{49}$	<b>A1</b>	Accept SD = 1.0879
	$z = 2.054$ or $2.055$	<b>B1</b>	
	$502.2 \pm z \times \frac{\sqrt{1.1836}}{\sqrt{50}}$	<b>M1</b>	Must be of correct form.
	501.9 to 502.5 (1dp)	<b>A1</b>	CWO. Must be in interval. SC accept use of biased variance (1.16) for M1 A1
		<b>6</b>	
3(ii)	More confident <b>or</b> $z$ would be greater, Hence wider.	<b>B1</b>	OE Reason needed
		<b>1</b>	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(i)	$\frac{1}{2} \times a \times \frac{a}{2} = 1$ or $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^a x dx = 1$ $\frac{a^2}{4} = 1$ OE	M1	Attempt at triangle area or integral $f(x)$ and = 1,
	$a = 2$	A1	
		2	
4(ii)	$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 x^2 dx$	M1	Attempt integral $xf(x)$
	$= \left[ \frac{x^3}{6} \right]_0^2$	M1	Correct integral and limits 0 to their 'a'
	$\left( = \frac{8}{6} \right) = \frac{4}{3}$	A1	AG CWO
		3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(iii)	$P\left(X < \frac{4}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{4}{3}} x dx$	M1	Attempt integral $f(x)$ between correct limits
	$= \frac{4}{9}$	A1	or $\frac{5}{9}$
	$P(E(X) < X < m) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{4}{9}$	M1	or $\frac{5}{9} - \frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{1}{18}$	A1	
	<b>Alternative method for question 4(iii)</b>		
	Attempt to find $m$	M1	
	$m = \sqrt{2}$	A1	
	Integrate $f(x)$ between $\frac{4}{3}$ and ' $\sqrt{2}$ '	M1	
$\frac{1}{18}$	A1		
		4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(i)	mean = 3250 var. = 61	<b>B1</b>	Or mean = 325 var. = $\frac{6.1}{10}$
	$\frac{3240 - 3250}{\sqrt{61}} (= -1.280)$	<b>M1</b>	Standardise with their values (no mixed methods)
	$\phi('1.280') = 1 - \phi('1.280')$	<b>M1</b>	Area consistent with their figures
	0.100	<b>A1</b>	Allow 0.1
		<b>4</b>	
5(ii)	$E(D) = 325 - 2 \times 167 = -9$	<b>B1</b>	Accept $\pm 9$
	$\text{Var}(D) = 6.1 + 2^2 \times 5.6 (= 28.5)$	<b>B1</b>	
	$\frac{0 - (-9)}{\sqrt{28.5}} (= 1.686)$	<b>M1</b>	Standardising with <i>their</i> values. Must have a combination attempt on denominator and $\sqrt{\quad}$
	$1 - \phi('1.686')$	<b>M1</b>	Area consistent with their figures
	0.0459	<b>A1</b>	
		<b>5</b>	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6(i)	H <sub>0</sub> : Pop mean (or $\lambda$ or $\mu$ ) is 1.1 H <sub>1</sub> : Pop mean (or $\lambda$ or $\mu$ ) is more than 1.1	<b>B1</b>	
	$P(X \geq 4) = 1 - e^{-1.1} \left( 1 + 1.1 + \frac{1.1^2}{2} + \frac{1.1^3}{3!} \right)$	<b>M1</b>	Correct expression for either $P(X \geq 4)$ or $P(X \geq 5)$
	0.0257	<b>A1</b>	Correct value of either $P(X \geq 4)$ or $P(X \geq 5)$
	$P(X \geq 5) = 0.0257 - e^{-1.1} \times \frac{1.1^4}{4!} = 0.00544$	<b>B1</b>	<b>B1</b> for the other value (Note use of $P(X < 4) = 0.9743$ and $P(X < 5) = 0.99456$ can score only if comparison with 0.99 seen)
	$0.00544 < 0.01 < 0.0257$	<b>M1</b>	OE stated (valid comparison)
	There is evidence mean has increased	<b>B1</b>	<b>SC</b> $P(X \geq 6) = 0.000968$ <b>M1A1</b> Conclusion <b>B1</b>
		<b>6</b>	
6(ii)	Concluding mean has increased when it has not	<b>B1</b>	In context
	‘0.00544’	<b>B1FT</b>	FT <i>their</i> $P(X \geq 5)$ , dep < 0.01
		<b>2</b>	
6(iii)	$e^{-7.0} \left( 1 + 7 + \frac{7^2}{2} + \frac{7^3}{3!} + \frac{7^4}{4!} \right)$	<b>M1</b>	Correct expression for $P(X \leq 4 \mid \lambda = 7.0)$
	0.173 (3 sf)	<b>A1</b>	
		<b>2</b>	