| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\tan 40=v / 20 \cos 60$ | M1 |  |
|  | $v=10 \tan 40(=8.3909 \ldots)$ | A1 |  |
|  | $-10 \tan 40=20 \sin 60-g t$ | M1 | Uses $v=u+a t$ vertically |
|  | $t=1.27 \mathrm{~s}$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 4 |  |
| 2(i) | $7=0.35 \lambda / 0.25$ | M1 | Uses $T=\lambda x / L$ |
|  | $\lambda=5$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 2 |  |
| 2(ii) | $\mathrm{EE}=0.35^{2} \times 5 /(2 \times 0.25)$ or $0.05^{2} \times 5 /(2 \times 0.05)$ | B1 | Uses $\mathrm{EE}=\lambda x^{2} / 2 \mathrm{~L}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{PE}=\mathrm{mg} \times 0.3 \sin 30$ | B1 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{mg} \times 0.3 \sin 30=0.35^{2} \times 5 /(2 \times 0.25)-0.05^{2} \times 5 /(2 \times 0.25)$ | M1 | Sets up a 3 term energy equation involving EE, KE and PE |
|  | $\mathrm{m}=0.8$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 4 |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(i) | CofM of hemisphere $=\frac{3}{8} \times 0.56$ or $\frac{3}{8} \times 0.28$ | B1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\frac{2}{3} \pi \times 0.56^{3}-\frac{2}{3} \pi \times 0.28^{3}\right] X=\frac{2}{3} \pi \times 0.56^{3} \times \frac{3}{8} \times 0.56-\frac{2}{3} \pi \times 0.28^{3} \times} \\ & \frac{3}{8} \times 0.28 \end{aligned}$ | M1A1 | Take moments about O |
|  | $X=0.225 \mathrm{~m}$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 4 |  |
| 3(ii) | $24 \times 0.225+W(3 \times 0.28 / 8)=(24+W) \times 0.15$ | M1A1 | Attempts to take moments about O $W$ = weight of uniform hemi-sphere |
|  | $W=40 \mathrm{~N}$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 3 |  |
| 4(i) | $x=10 t$ or $y=g t^{2} / 2$ | B1 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{y}=15 \mathrm{x} / 10-g(x / 10)^{2} / 2$ | M1A1 | Attempts to eliminate $t$ |
|  | $y=1.5 x-0.05 x^{2}$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 4 |  |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(ii) | $0=1.5 x-0.05 x^{2}$ | M1 | Substitute $y=0$ into the trajectory equation |
|  | $x=30$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 2 |  |
| 4(iii) | $-14=1.5 x-0.05 x^{2}$ | M1 | Sets up a quadratic equation and attempts to solve it |
|  | $x=37.5$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 2 |  |
| 5(i) | $\mathrm{OG}=2 \times 0.7 \sin (\pi / 2) /(3 \pi / 2)(=0.297)$ | B1 |  |
|  | $0.9 R=14(0.7 \cos 30-0.297 \sin 30)$ | M1A1 | Attempts to take moments about A |
|  | $R=7.12 \mathrm{~N}$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 4 |  |
| 5(ii) | $\mathrm{H}=7.12 \sin 30$ and $\mathrm{V}=14-R \cos 30$ | M1 | Resolves horizontally and vertically |
|  | $\tan \theta=(14-7.12 \cos 30) /(7.12 \sin 30)$ | M1 | Uses $\tan \theta=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{H}$, where $\theta$ is the required angle |
|  | $\theta=65.6$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 3 |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 (i) | $T=12 \times 0.1 / 0.4(=3 \mathrm{~N})$ | B1 | Uses $T=\lambda \times / L$ |
|  | $3 \sin \theta=0.15 \omega^{2}(0.5 \sin \theta)$ | M1 | Uses Newton's Second Law horizontally |
|  | $\omega=6.32 \mathrm{rad} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ | A1 |  |
|  | $T \cos \theta=0.15 \mathrm{~g}(\cos \theta=0.5)$ | M1 | Resolves vertically |
|  | $\theta=60$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 5 |  |
| 6(ii) | $v=6.32 \times 0.5 \sin 60$ | B1 FT | Uses $v=r \omega$ and $\mathrm{r}=0.5 \sin 60$ |
|  | $\mathrm{KE}=0.15(6.32 \times 0.5 \sin 60)^{2} / 2(=0.5625 \mathrm{~J})$ | B1 |  |
|  | Difference $=0.5625-12 \times 0.1^{2} /(2 \times 0.4)$ | M1 | Uses $\mathrm{EE}=\lambda x^{2} /(2 \mathrm{~L})$ |
|  | Difference $=0.4125 \mathrm{~J}$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 4 |  |
| 7(i) | $\mu=0.6 \times 0.5^{2} /(0.5 g)(=0.03)$ | B1 | Uses $F=\mu R$ |
|  | $0.5 \mathrm{~d} v / \mathrm{d} t=0.6 t^{2}-0.03 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~g}$ | M1 | Uses Newton's Second Law horizontally |
|  | $\mathrm{d} \nu / \mathrm{d} t=1.2 t^{2}-0.3$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 3 |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
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| 7(ii) | $\begin{aligned} & \int \mathrm{d} v=\int\left(1.2 t^{2}-0.3\right) \mathrm{d} t \\ & v=0.4 t^{3}-0.3 t(+\mathrm{c}) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Separates the variables and attempts to integrate |
|  | $t=0.5, v=0$ hence $\mathrm{c}=0.1$ | M1 | Attempts to find c |
|  | $v=0.4 t^{3}-0.3 t+0.1$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 3 |  |
| 7(iii) | $\begin{aligned} & \int \mathrm{d} x=\int\left(0.4 t^{3}-0.3 \mathrm{t}+0.1\right) \mathrm{d} t \\ & x=0.1 t^{4}-0.15 t^{2}+0.1 t(+\mathrm{c}) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Attempts to integrate |
|  | $t=0.5, x=0$ hence $\mathrm{c}=-0.01875$ | M1 | Finds c or substitutes the limits |
|  | $x(1.2)=0.0926(1)$ | A1 |  |
|  | Total: | 3 |  |

