(a)	The	angles of a triangle are in the ratio 2:3:5.							
	(i)	Show that the triangle is right-angled.							
			[1]						
	(ii)	The length of the hypotenuse of the triangle is 12 cm.							
		Use trigonometry to calculate the length of the shortest side of t	his triangle.						
			cm [3]						
(b)	The	e sides of a different right-angled triangle are in the ratio 3 : 4 : 5.	. ,						
	(i)	The length of the shortest side is 7.8 cm.							
		Calculate the length of the longest side.							
			cm [2]						
	(ii)	Calculate the smallest angle in this triangle.							
			[3]						



1

2 (a) Solve.

$$\frac{x}{7} = 49$$

 $x = \dots [1]$

(b) Simplify.

(i)	r^0
(1)	\mathcal{X}

(ii)
$$x^7 \times x^3$$

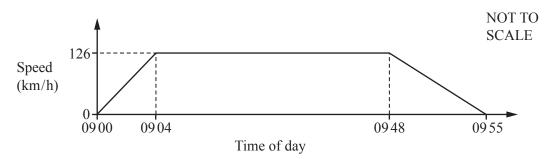
(iii)
$$\frac{(3x^6)^2}{x^{-4}}$$

(c) (i) Factorise completely.
$$2x^2 - 18$$

(ii) Simplify.
$$\frac{2x^2 - 18}{x^2 + 7x - 2}$$



3 The graph shows information about the journey of a train between two stations.



(a) (i) Work out the acceleration of the train during the first 4 minutes of this journey. Give your answer in km/h².

km/h ² [2]
---------------------	----

(ii) Calculate the distance, in kilometres, between the two stations.

.....km [4]



(b) (i) Show that 126 km/h is the same speed as 35 m/s.

[1]

(ii) The train has a total length of 220 m. At 0930, the train crossed a bridge of length 1400 m.

Calculate the time, in seconds, that the train took to completely cross the bridge.

.....s [3]

(c) On a different journey, the train took 73 minutes, correct to the nearest minute, to travel 215 km, correct to the nearest 5 km.

Calculate the upper bound of the average speed of the train for this journey. Give your answer in km/h.

.....km/h [4]



4 The table shows information about the time, t minutes, taken for each of 150 girls to complete an essay.

Time (t minutes)	60 < <i>t</i> ≤ 65	$65 < t \le 70$	$70 < t \leq 80$	$80 < t \le 100$	$100 < t \le 150$
Frequency	10	26	34	58	22

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(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

- (c) Rafay looks at the frequency table.
 - (i) He says that it is not possible to work out the range of the times.

Explain why he is correct.

 	 •	

[1]

(ii) He draws a pie chart to show this information.

Calculate the sector angle for the interval $65 < t \le 70$ minutes.



(d) A girl is chosen at random.

Work out the probability that she took more than 100 minutes to complete the essay.



	[1	1		
--	----	---	--	--

(e) Two girls are chosen at random.

Work out the probability that, to complete the essay,

(i) they both took 65 minutes or less,

.....[2]

(ii) one took 65 minutes or less and the other took more than 100 minutes.

.....[3]

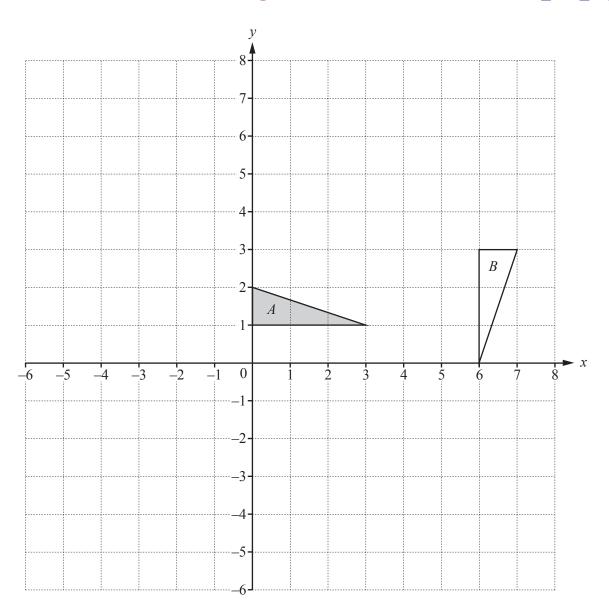
(f) The information in the frequency table is shown in a histogram. The height of the block for the $60 < t \le 65$ interval is 5 cm.

Complete the table.

Time (t minutes)	60 < <i>t</i> ≤ 65	$65 < t \le 70$	$70 < t \le 80$	$80 < t \le 100$	$100 < t \le 150$
Height of block (cm)	5				



5



- (a) Draw the image of
 - (i) triangle A after a reflection in the line x = 0, [2]
 - (ii) triangle A after an enlargement, scale factor 2, centre (0, 4), [2]
 - (iii) triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5\\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- **(b)** Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.



(c) $\mathbf{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{U} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Point P has co-ordinates (1, -4).

(i) Find T(P).

(.....) [2]

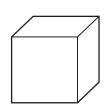
(ii) Find TU(P).

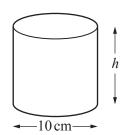
(.....,) [2]

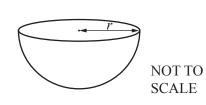
(iii) Describe the **single** transformation represented by the matrix **T**.

.....[3]

6 (a)







The diagrams show a cube, a cylinder and a hemisphere. The volume of each of these solids is 2000 cm³.

(i) Work out the height, h, of the cylinder.

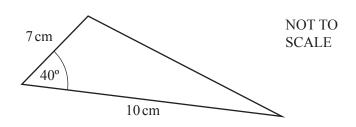
(ii) Work out the radius, r, of the hemisphere. [The volume, V, of a sphere with radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.]

$$r = \dots$$
 cm [3]

(iii) Work out the surface area of the cube.



(b)



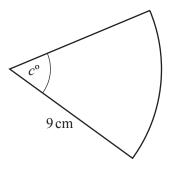
(i) Calculate the area of the triangle.

 cm ² [2]

(ii) Calculate the perimeter of the triangle and show that it is 23.5 cm, correct to 1 decimal place. Show all your working.

[5]

(c)



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The perimeter of this sector of a circle is 28.2 cm.

Calculate the value of *c*.



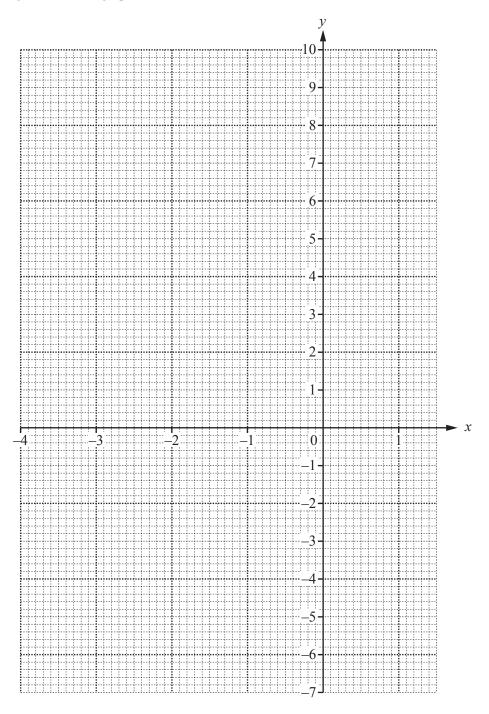
$$c = \dots [3]$$

7 The table shows some values of $y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$ for $-4 \le x \le 1.5$.

x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	1.5
У		0	-5		-3	4	

(a) Complete the table. [3]

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$ for $-4 \le x \le 1.5$.





[4]

(c) Use your graph to solve the equation $2x^2 + 5x - 3 = 3$.

(d) $y = 2x^2 + 5x - 3$ can be written in the form $y = 2(x+a)^2 + b$.

Find the value of a and the value of b.



$$b = \dots [3]$$



- 8 Line A has equation y = 5x 4. Line B has equation 3x + 2y = 18.
 - (a) Find the gradient of

(i)	line	4
(1)	IIIIC	11.

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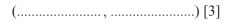
(ii) line *B*.

(b) Write down the co-ordinates of the point where line A crosses the x-axis.

(c) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to line A which passes through the point (10, 9). Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

$$y =$$
.....[4]

(d) Work out the co-ordinates of the point of intersection of line A and line B.



(e) Work out the area enclosed by line A, line B and the y-axis.



.....[3]

9 Luigi and Alfredo run in a 10 km race.

Luigi's average speed was *x* km/h.

Alfredo's average speed was 0.5 km/h slower than Luigi's average speed.

(a) Luigi took $\frac{10}{x}$ hours to run the race.

Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the time that Alfredo took to run the race.



- **(b)** Alfredo took 0.25 hours longer than Luigi to run the race.
 - (i) Show that $2x^2 x 40 = 0$.

[4]

(ii) Use the quadratic formula to solve $2x^2 - x - 40 = 0$. Show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [4]

(iii) Work out the time that Luigi took to run the 10 km race. Give your answer in hours and minutes, correct to the nearest minute.

..... h min [3]

Question 10 is printed on the next page.

10 (a) (i) Write 180 as a product of its prime factors.

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		 									 														ı	4	2	ı

(ii) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 180 and 54.

.....[2]

(b) An integer, X, written as a product of its prime factors is $a^2 \times 7^{b+2}$. An integer, Y, written as a product of its prime factors is $a^3 \times 7^2$.

The highest common factor (HCF) of *X* and *Y* is 1225. The lowest common multiple (LCM) of *X* and *Y* is 42 875.

Find the value of *X* and the value of *Y*.

 $X = \dots$ $Y = \dots [4]$

